

(4) **INSTITUTION OF HIGHER EDUCATION.**—The term “institution of higher education” has the meaning given the term in section 101(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1001(a)).

(5) **MINORITY-SERVING INSTITUTION.**—The term “minority-serving institution” means an institution listed in section 371(a) of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1067q(a)).

(c) **AUTHORIZATION OF GRANTS.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Subject to the availability of appropriations, the Director shall carry out the Dr. David Satcher Cybersecurity Education Grant Program by—

(A) awarding grants to assist institutions of higher education that have an enrollment of needy students, historically Black colleges and universities, and minority-serving institutions, to establish or expand cybersecurity programs, to build and upgrade institutional capacity to better support new or existing cybersecurity programs, including cybersecurity partnerships with public and private entities, and to support such institutions on the path to producing qualified entrants in the cybersecurity workforce or becoming a National Center of Academic Excellence in Cybersecurity; and

(B) awarding grants to build capacity at institutions of higher education that have an enrollment of needy students, historically Black colleges and universities, and minority-serving institutions, to expand cybersecurity education opportunities, cybersecurity programs, cybersecurity research, and cybersecurity partnerships with public and private entities.

(2) **RESERVATION.**—The Director shall award not less than 50 percent of the amount available for grants under this section to historically Black colleges and universities and minority-serving institutions.

(3) **COORDINATION.**—The Director shall carry out this section in consultation with appropriate Federal agencies.

(4) **SUNSET.**—The Director's authority to award grants under paragraph (1) shall terminate on the date that is 5 years after the date the Director first awards a grant under paragraph (1).

(d) **APPLICATIONS.**—An eligible institution seeking a grant under subsection (a) shall submit an application to the Director at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Director may reasonably require, including a statement of how the institution will use the funds awarded through the grant to expand cybersecurity education opportunities at the eligible institution.

(e) **ACTIVITIES.**—An eligible institution that receives a grant under this section may use the funds awarded through such grant for increasing research, education, technical, partnership, and innovation capacity, including for—

(1) building and upgrading institutional capacity to better support new or existing cybersecurity programs, including cybersecurity partnerships with public and private entities;

(2) building and upgrading institutional capacity to provide hands-on research and training experiences for undergraduate and graduate students; and

(3) outreach and recruitment to ensure students are aware of such new or existing cybersecurity programs, including cybersecurity partnerships with public and private entities.

(f) **REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.**—Not later than—

(1) 1 year after the effective date of this section, as provided in subsection (h), and annually thereafter until the Director submits the report under paragraph (2), the Director shall prepare and submit to Congress

a report on the status and progress of implementation of the grant program under this section, including on the number and nature of institutions participating, the number and nature of students served by institutions receiving grants, the level of funding provided to grant recipients, the types of activities being funded by the grants program, and plans for future implementation and development; and

(2) 5 years after the effective date of this section, as provided in subsection (h), the Director shall prepare and submit to Congress a report on the status of cybersecurity education programming and capacity-building at institutions receiving grants under this section, including changes in the scale and scope of these programs, associated facilities, or in accreditation status, and on the educational and employment outcomes of students participating in cybersecurity programs that have received support under this section.

(g) **PERFORMANCE METRICS.**—The Director shall establish performance metrics for grants awarded under this section.

(h) **EFFECTIVE DATE.**—This section shall take effect 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.

SA 4786. Mr. MENENDEZ (for himself, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. BOOKER, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, and Mr. MURPHY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. . APPROPRIATIONS FOR CATCH-UP PAYMENTS.

Section 404(d)(4)(C) of the Justice for United States Victims of State Sponsored Terrorism Act (34 U.S.C. 20144(d)(4)(C)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(iv) **FUNDING.**—

“(I) **APPROPRIATIONS.**—

“(aa) **IN GENERAL.**—There are authorized to be appropriated and there are appropriated to the Fund such sums as may be necessary to carry out this subparagraph, to remain available until expended.

“(bb) **EMERGENCY DESIGNATION.**—The amounts provided under this subclause are designated as an emergency requirement pursuant to section 4(g) of the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (2 U.S.C. 933(g)).

“(cc) **DESIGNATION IN THE HOUSE AND SENATE.**—This subclause is designated by the Congress as being for an emergency requirement pursuant to section 4001(a)(1) and section 4001(b) of S. Con. Res. 14 (117th Congress), the concurrent resolution on the budget for fiscal year 2022.

“(II) **LIMITATION.**—Amounts appropriated pursuant to subclause (I) may not be used for a purpose other than to make lump sum catch-up payments under this subparagraph.”.

SA 4787. Mrs. SHAHEEN (for herself and Ms. COLLINS) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appro-

priations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title VII, add the following:

Subtitle D—Access to Contraception

SEC. 761. SHORT TITLE.

This subtitle may be cited as the “Access to Contraception for Servicemembers and Dependents Act of 2021”.

SEC. 762. FINDINGS.

Congress finds the following:

(1) Women are serving in the Armed Forces at increasing rates, playing a critical role in the national security of the United States. Women comprise more than 18 percent of members of the Armed Forces, and as of fiscal year 2019, more than 390,000 women serve on active duty in the Armed Forces or in the reserve components. An estimated several thousand transgender men also serve on active duty in the Armed Forces and in the reserve components, in addition to non-binary members and those who identify with a different gender.

(2) Ninety-five percent of women serving in the Armed Forces are of reproductive age and as of 2019, more than 700,000 female spouses and dependents of members of the Armed Forces on active duty are of reproductive age.

(3) The TRICARE program covered more than 1,570,000 women of reproductive age in 2019, including spouses and dependents of members of the Armed Forces on active duty. Additionally, thousands of transgender dependents of members of the Armed Forces are covered by the TRICARE program.

(4) The right to access contraception is grounded in the principle that contraception and the ability to determine if and when to have children are inextricably tied to one's wellbeing, equality, and ability to determine the course of one's life. These protections have helped access to contraception become a driving force in improving the health and financial security of individuals and their families.

(5) Access to contraception is critical to the health of every individual capable of becoming pregnant. This subtitle is intended to apply to all individuals with the capacity for pregnancy, including cisgender women, transgender men, non-binary individuals, those who identify with a different gender, and others.

(6) Studies have shown that when cost barriers to the full range of methods of contraception are eliminated, patients are more likely to use the contraceptive method that meets their needs, and therefore use contraception correctly and more consistently, reducing the risk of unintended pregnancy.

(7) Under the TRICARE program, members of the Armed Forces on active duty have full coverage of all prescription drugs, including contraception, without cost-sharing requirements, in line with the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148), which requires coverage of all contraceptive methods approved by the Food and Drug Administration for women and related services and education and counseling. However, members not on active duty and dependents of members do not have similar coverage of all methods of contraception approved by the Food and Drug Administration without cost-sharing when they obtain the contraceptive outside of a military medical treatment facility.

(8) In order to fill gaps in coverage and access to preventive care critical for women's

health, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (Public Law 111-148) requires all non-grandfathered individual and group health plans to cover without cost-sharing preventive services, including a set of evidence-based preventive services for women supported by the Health Resources and Services Administration of the Department of Health and Human Services. These women's preventive services include the full range of female-controlled contraceptive methods, effective family planning practices, and sterilization procedures, approved by the Food and Drug Administration. The Health Resources and Services Administration has affirmed that contraceptive care includes contraceptive counseling, initiation of contraceptive use, and follow-up care (such as management, evaluation, and changes to and removal or discontinuation of the contraceptive method).

(9) The Defense Advisory Committee on Women in the Services has recommended that all the Armed Forces, to the extent that they have not already, implement initiatives that inform members of the Armed Forces of the importance of family planning, educate them on methods of contraception, and make various methods of contraception available, based on the finding that family planning can increase the overall readiness and quality of life of all members of the Armed Forces.

(10) The military departments received more than 7,800 reports of sexual assaults involving members of the Armed Forces as victims or subjects during fiscal year 2019. Through regulations, the Department of Defense already supports a policy of ensuring that members of the Armed Forces who are sexually assaulted have access to emergency contraception, and the initiation of contraception if desired and medically appropriate.

SEC. 763. CONTRACEPTION COVERAGE PARITY UNDER THE TRICARE PROGRAM.

(a) PHARMACY BENEFITS PROGRAM.—Section 1074g(a)(6) of title 10, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:

“(D) Notwithstanding subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C), cost-sharing requirements may not be imposed and cost-sharing amounts may not be collected with respect to any eligible covered beneficiary for any prescription contraceptive on the uniform formulary provided through a retail pharmacy described in paragraph (2)(E)(ii) or through the national mail-order pharmacy program.”.

(b) TRICARE SELECT.—Section 1075 of such title is amended—

(1) in subsection (c), by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

“(4)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, cost-sharing requirements may not be imposed and cost-sharing amounts may not be collected with respect to any beneficiary under this section for a service described in subparagraph (B) that is provided by a network provider.

“(B) A service described in this subparagraph is any method of contraception approved by the Food and Drug Administration, any contraceptive care (including with respect to insertion, removal, and follow up), any sterilization procedure, or any patient education or counseling service provided in connection with any such method, care, or procedure.”; and

(2) in subsection (f), by striking “calculated as” and inserting “calculated (except as provided in subsection (c)(4)) as”.

(c) TRICARE PRIME.—Section 1075a of such title is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:

“(d) PROHIBITION ON COST-SHARING FOR CERTAIN SERVICES.—(1) Notwithstanding subsections (a), (b), and (c), cost-sharing requirements may not be imposed and cost-

sharing amounts may not be collected with respect to any beneficiary enrolled in TRICARE Prime for a service described in paragraph (2) that is provided under TRICARE Prime.

“(2) A service described in this paragraph is any method of contraception approved by the Food and Drug Administration, any contraceptive care (including with respect to insertion, removal, and follow up), any sterilization procedure, or any patient education or counseling service provided in connection with any such method, care, or procedure.”.

SEC. 764. PREGNANCY PREVENTION ASSISTANCE AT MILITARY MEDICAL TREATMENT FACILITIES FOR SEXUAL ASSAULT SURVIVORS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1074o the following new section:

“§ 1074p. Provision of pregnancy prevention assistance at military medical treatment facilities

“(a) INFORMATION AND ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of Defense shall promptly furnish to sexual assault survivors at each military medical treatment facility the following:

“(1) Comprehensive, medically and factually accurate, and unbiased written and oral information about all methods of emergency contraception approved by the Food and Drug Administration.

“(2) Upon request by the sexual assault survivor, emergency contraception or, if applicable, a prescription for emergency contraception.

“(3) Notification of the right of the sexual assault survivor to confidentiality with respect to the information and care and services furnished under this section.

“(b) INFORMATION.—The Secretary shall ensure that information provided pursuant to subsection (a) is provided in language that—

“(1) is clear and concise;

“(2) is readily comprehensible; and

“(3) meets such conditions (including conditions regarding the provision of information in languages other than English) as the Secretary may prescribe in regulations to carry out this section.

“(c) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

“(1) The term ‘sexual assault survivor’ means any individual who presents at a military medical treatment facility and—

“(A) states to personnel of the facility that the individual experienced a sexual assault;

“(B) is accompanied by another person who states that the individual experienced a sexual assault; or

“(C) whom the personnel of the facility reasonably believes to be a survivor of sexual assault.

“(2) The term ‘sexual assault’ means the conduct described in section 1565b(c) of this title that may result in pregnancy.”.

(b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections at the beginning of such chapter is amended by inserting after the item relating to section 1074o the following new item:

“1074p. Provision of pregnancy prevention assistance at military medical treatment facilities.”.

SEC. 765. EDUCATION ON FAMILY PLANNING FOR MEMBERS OF THE ARMED FORCES.

(a) EDUCATION PROGRAMS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Defense shall establish a uniform standard curriculum to be used in education programs on family planning for all members of the Armed Forces, including both men and women members.

(2) TIMING.—Education programs under paragraph (1) shall be provided to members of the Armed Forces as follows:

(A) During the first year of service of the member.

(B) At such other times as each Secretary of a military department determines appropriate with respect to members of the Armed Forces under the jurisdiction of such Secretary.

(3) SENSE OF CONGRESS.—It is the sense of Congress that the education programs under paragraph (1) should be evidence-informed and use the latest technology available to efficiently and effectively deliver information to members of the Armed Forces.

(b) ELEMENTS.—The uniform standard curriculum for education programs under subsection (a) shall include the following:

(1) Information for members of the Armed Forces on active duty to make informed decisions regarding family planning.

(2) Information about the prevention of unintended pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections, including human immunodeficiency virus (commonly known as “HIV”).

(3) Information on—

(A) the importance of providing comprehensive family planning for members of the Armed Forces, including commanding officers; and

(B) the positive impact family planning can have on the health and readiness of the Armed Forces.

(4) Current, medically accurate information.

(5) Clear, user-friendly information on—

(A) the full range of methods of contraception approved by the Food and Drug Administration; and

(B) where members of the Armed Forces can access their chosen method of contraception.

(6) Information on all applicable laws and policies so that members of the Armed Forces are informed of their rights and obligations.

(7) Information on the rights of patients to confidentiality.

(8) Information on the unique circumstances encountered by members of the Armed Forces and the effects of such circumstances on the use of contraception.

SA 4788. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 3867 submitted by Mr. REED and intended to be proposed to the bill H.R. 4350, to authorize appropriations for fiscal year 2022 for military activities of the Department of Defense, for military construction, and for defense activities of the Department of Energy, to prescribe military personnel strengths for such fiscal year, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

On page 621, strike lines 14 through 24 and insert the following:

cross-strait relations;

(7) reinforcing the status of the Republic of Singapore as a Major Security Cooperation Partner of the United States and continuing to strengthen defense and security cooperation between the military forces of the Republic of Singapore and the Armed Forces of the United States, including through participation in combined exercises and training, including the use of the Foreign Military Sales Training Center at Ebbing Air National Guard Base in Fort Smith, Arkansas; and

(8) ensuring that the allies and partners referred to in paragraphs (1) through (7) contribute more than 50 percent of the total cost of mutual defense efforts in the Indo-Pacific region.

SA 4789. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to